



**Alphageo International Limited
and its Subsidiary**

**Consolidated Financial Statements
March 31, 2021**

Alphageo International Limited and its Subsidiary
Index to the Consolidated Financial Statements
March 31, 2021

	Page
Independent Auditor's Report	1
Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income	4
Consolidated Statement of Financial Position	5
Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity	6
Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows	7
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements	8



Independent Auditor's Report

The Shareholders of Alphageo International Limited and its Subsidiary

Opinion

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Alphageo International Limited and its Subsidiary ("collectively referred as Group"), which comprise of the consolidated statement of financial position as at March 31, 2021, consolidated statement of comprehensive income, consolidated statement of changes in equity, consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended and notes to the consolidated financial statements including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated financial statements, give a true and fair view of the financial position of Alphageo International Limited and its Subsidiary as at March 31, 2021, and of its consolidated financial performance and consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with International Financial Reporting Standards for Small and Medium - sized Entities.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the IESBA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Responsibility of the Management for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards for Small and Medium - sized Entities and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the Management is responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless, the Management either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Independent Auditor's Report (Continued)

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether these consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatements, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also;

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risks of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentation or override of internal controls.
- Obtain an understanding of internal controls relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of going concern basis of accounting and based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the Management regarding, other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal controls that we identify during our audit.

Independent Auditor's Report (Continued)

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

We also provide to the Management with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with the Management, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters.

Affinix A A S Auditors


Abeer Altaf Syed

Registration No : 1148

Dubai

June 23, 2021



Alphageo International Limited and its Subsidiary
Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income
Year Ended March 31, 2021

(Figures in USD)	Note	2021	2020
Revenue	4	117,656	558,334
Direct expenses	5	<u>(183,526)</u>	<u>(218,462)</u>
Gross (Loss) / Profit		(65,870)	339,872
Other Income	6	5,521	27,882
General, administration and selling expenses	7	(59,199)	(104,200)
Finance costs	8	<u>(611)</u>	<u>(1,079)</u>
(Loss) / Profit before tax		(120,159)	262,475
Less: Income tax		<u>(12,236)</u>	<u>(59,239)</u>
(Loss) / Profit for the year		<u>(132,395)</u>	<u>203,236</u>

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Page 4 of 17



Alphageo International Limited and its Subsidiary
Consolidated Statement of Financial Position
As at March 31, 2021

(Figures in USD)	Note	2021	2020
ASSETS			
Current Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	9	3,339,026	3,338,220
Trade accounts receivable	10	62,195	41,160
Other receivable and prepayments	11	556,845	533,130
Total Current Assets		<u>3,958,066</u>	<u>3,912,510</u>
Non-Current Assets			
Property, plant and equipment	12	1,705,148	1,883,099
Total Non-Current Assets		<u>1,705,148</u>	<u>1,883,099</u>
Total Assets		<u>5,663,214</u>	<u>5,795,609</u>
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY			
Current Liabilities			
Trade accounts and other payable	13	10,398	11,255
Total Current Liabilities		<u>10,398</u>	<u>11,255</u>
Non-Current Liabilities			
Employees' end of service benefit	14	6,800	5,943
Total Non-Current Liabilities		<u>6,800</u>	<u>5,943</u>
Equity			
Share capital	15	2,848,047	2,848,047
Retained earnings		2,797,969	2,930,364
Total Equity Attributable to the Shareholders		<u>5,646,016</u>	<u>5,778,411</u>
Total Liabilities and Equity		<u>5,663,214</u>	<u>5,795,609</u>

These financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on June 23, 2021 and signed on their behalf by:

Mr. Hamit Ummak
Director



Alphageo International Limited and its Subsidiary
Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity
Year Ended March 31, 2021

(Figures in USD)	Share Capital	Retained Earnings	Total
As at April 01, 2019	2,848,047	2,727,128	5,575,175
Profit for the year	Nil	203,236	203,236
As at March 31, 2020	2,848,047	2,930,364	5,778,411
Loss for the year	Nil	(132,395)	(132,395)
As at March 31, 2021	2,848,047	2,797,969	5,646,016

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Page 6 of 17



Alphageo International Limited and its Subsidiary
Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows
Year Ended March 31, 2021

(Figures in USD)	2021	2020
Cash Flow from Operating Activities		
(Loss) / Profit for the year	(132,395)	203,236
<u>Adjustments for:</u>		
Depreciation	177,951	200,039
Provision for employee's end of service benefits	857	743
<u>Changes in operating assets and liabilities</u>		
Increase in trade accounts and other receivable	(44,750)	(439,037)
Decrease in trade accounts and other payable	(857)	(2,512)
Net cash generated from / (used in) operating activities	806	(37,531)
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	806	(37,531)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year	<u>3,338,220</u>	<u>3,375,751</u>
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the year	<u>3,339,026</u>	<u>3,338,220</u>

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Page 7 of 17



Alphageo International Limited and its Subsidiary
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements
March 31, 2021

1 Legal Status, Shareholder, Management and Business Activity

These Consolidated Financial Statements of Alphageo International Limited and its Subsidiary ("collectively referred as Group"), comprises of:

Alphageo International Limited ("Company"), a Limited Liability Company formed in accordance with the Offshore Companies Regulations of the Jebel Ali Free Zone of 2003, and registered with the Jebel Ali Free Zone Authority under registration number OF-139127 in the Emirate of Dubai, United Arab Emirates.

Alphageo DMCC ("Subsidiary"), a Limited Liability Company formed in accordance with the Laws and Implementing Regulations of Dubai Multi Commodities Centre and registered under service license number DMCC-31569 in the Emirate of Dubai, United Arab Emirates.

Alphageo India Limited is the ultimate Shareholder of the Company.

The Group is managed by its Board of Directors.

The Group is engaged in activity of Investments in Limited Liability Companies, Partnerships, Joint Ventures and in any other Companies; General Trading; Providing Technical Support Services outside United Arab Emirates; providing onshore and offshore oil and gas field services, geophysical and geological services and studies and extraction and drilling equipment and machinery rental.

2 Basis of Preparation of Consolidated Financial Statements

These consolidated financial statements are prepared on a going concern basis and in compliance with International Financial Reporting Standards for Small and Medium-sized Entities issued by International Accounting Standards Board. They are presented in United States Dollar, currency unit of United States of America. The presentation of consolidated financial statements in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standards for Small and Medium-sized Entities requires the determination and consistent application of accounting policies to transactions and events. Significant accounting policies, adopted and applied consistently in dealing with items that are considered material in relation to these consolidated financial statements, are set below.

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention basis.

These consolidated financial statements comprise a consolidation of the financial statements of the parent Company and its Subsidiary on a line-by-line basis.

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of the parent Company and its Subsidiary where the Company achieved control by owning, directly or indirectly more than half of voting power in the subsidiary or by having the power to govern the financial and operating policies of the other company so as to obtain benefits from its activities.

Where necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to bring their accounting policies into line with those used by other member of the Group.



2 Basis of Preparation of Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

All intra-group transactions, balances, income and expenses are eliminated in full on consolidation.

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with International Financial Reporting Standards for Small and Medium-sized Entities requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the carrying amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant and reasonable under the circumstances.

Estimates and the underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised, if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

Judgments made by the management in the application of accounting policies that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the consolidated financial statements, and estimates that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying value of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are as stated in Note 3.

3 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Revenue Recognition

Revenue comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the services rendered in the ordinary course of the Group's activities. Revenue is shown net of rebates and discounts.

The Group recognises revenue when the amount of revenue can be reliably measured, it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the group.

The Group recognises revenue on rendering services as per the terms of contract, which is based on the periodic completion of the job certified by the client and when the amount of revenue can be reliably measured and estimated to be receivable.

Interest income is recognised using the effective interest method.

Property, Plant and Equipment

Property, plant and equipment, is stated at historical costs less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Historical costs includes expenditure that is directly attributable to bringing the assets to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by the management.

The cost of replacing or addition to an item of property, plant and equipment is recognised in the carrying amount of the item if it is probable that the future economic benefits embodied within the part will flow to the Group and its cost can be measured reliably. The costs of day-to-day servicing of property, plant and equipment are recognised in the profit or loss as incurred.



Alphageo International Limited and its Subsidiary
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements
March 31, 2021

3 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Property, Plant and Equipment (Continued)

Depreciation is charged to write off the cost of assets using the straight line method as follows:

Plant and machinery	5 years to 20 years
Computers and software	3 years to 6 years
Other equipments	5 years

The useful lives and depreciation method are reviewed periodically to ensure that the period and method of depreciation are consistent with the pattern of economic benefits expected to flow to the Group through the use of items of property, plant and equipment.

The gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised as profit or loss in the statement of comprehensive income.

Inventories

Inventories are measured at lower of cost and net realisable value. The cost of spare parts and consumables are based on first in first out method. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less estimated selling expenses.

At each reporting date, inventories are assessed for impairment and the net value is reflected in the consolidated financial statements.

Financial Instruments

Financial assets are recognised when the Group becomes a party to the contractual provision of the financial instrument. Financial assets are derecognised when the contractual rights to receive the cash flows expire or substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership have been transferred. These are stated at cost less impairment losses. These are included in current assets, except for maturities greater than 12 months after the balance sheet date which are classified as non-current assets.

Financial liabilities are recognised when the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the financial instrument. The Group derecognises financial liabilities when they are discharged, cancelled or expired. These are stated at cost, or where the impact is material at amortised cost using the effective interest method. These are included in current liabilities, except for maturities greater than 12 months after the balance sheet date which are classified as non-current liabilities.

Financial instruments comprise of trade accounts and other receivable, cash in hand and at bank, trade accounts and other payable.



3 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Accounts and Other Receivable

Receivable are initially recognised at transaction price. They are subsequently stated at their nominal value as reduced by appropriate allowances for estimated irrecoverable amounts.

The Management undertakes a periodic review of amounts recoverable and trade accounts other receivable, and determines recoverability based on various factors such as ageing of receivable, payment history, collateral available and other knowledge about the receivable and estimates the provision for bad and doubtful debts, if any required.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise of cash at banks accounts that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

Accounts and Other Payable

Accounts and other payable are stated at nominal amounts payable for goods or services rendered.

Employee's End of Service Benefits

Provision is made for the amounts payable under the UAE labour law applicable to the employees and is based on current basic remuneration and cumulative period of service at the balance sheet date.

Provision is made on the assumption that all employees were to leave as of the balance sheet date since this provides, in Management's opinion, a reasonable estimate of the present value of terminal benefits.

Unsecured Loans

Loans payable are non-derivative financial liabilities with fixed or determinable payments. They are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment.

Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present obligation as a result of past event and it is probable that the outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation and the amount can be reliably estimated. Provisions are measured at the present value of the amount expected to be required to settle the obligation and the risk specific to the obligation.

Foreign Income Taxes

The tax expense is recognised for tax payable on taxable profit for current and past period. The Company has measured this tax expense at the amount it expects to pay at the prevailing tax rates and laws and regulations that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date, in the jurisdiction of the Company's operation.



Alphageo International Limited and its Subsidiary
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements
March 31, 2021

3 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Leases

Leases in which substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are retained by the lessor are classified as operating leases. Payments made under operating leases are charged to statement of comprehensive income on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease.

Value Added Taxes

Expenses and assets are accounted inclusive of the value added tax as the Company is not required to register with Federal Tax Authority.

Foreign Currencies Translations

Items included in the consolidated financial statements of the entity are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates ("the functional currency"). The consolidated financial statements of the Group are presented in United States Dollars which is the functional and presentational currency.

Transactions other than functional currency, are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of transactions. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at year - end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in currencies, other than functional currency, are recognised in statement of comprehensive income.

(Figures in USD)	2021	2020
4 Revenue		
Equipment rentals	117,656	558,334
	<u>117,656</u>	<u>558,334</u>
5 Direct Expenses		
Technical support	5,000	38,785
Depreciation	177,951	177,951
Warehouse charges	575	1,726
	<u>183,526</u>	<u>218,462</u>
6 Other income		
Interest earned on loan	Nil	20,750
Interest earned from bank	5,521	6,434
Miscellaneous	Nil	698
	<u>5,521</u>	<u>27,882</u>



Alphageo International Limited and its Subsidiary
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements
March 31, 2021

(Figures in USD)	2021	2020
<u>7 General, Administration and Selling Expenses</u>		
Employees cost	12,613	23,807
Legal and professional	23,810	24,184
Audit fees	15,574	16,398
Travelling and conveyance	3,639	6,525
Depreciation	Nil	22,088
Communication	55	114
Insurance	486	1,220
Rent	1,522	9,864
Miscellaneous	1,500	Nil
	<u>59,199</u>	<u>104,200</u>
<u>8 Finance Costs</u>		
Bank charges and commission	611	1,079
	<u>611</u>	<u>1,079</u>
<u>9 Cash and Cash Equivalents</u>		
Balance in other than functional currency accounts	597	898
Balance in functional currency accounts	3,338,429	3,337,322
	<u>3,339,026</u>	<u>3,338,220</u>
<u>10 Trade Accounts Receivable</u>		
Accounts receivable	62,195	41,160
	<u>62,195</u>	<u>41,160</u>
<u>11 Other Receivable and Prepayments</u>		
Prepaid expenses	34,758	10,299
Interest receivable	22,087	22,831
Loan to third party	500,000	500,000
	<u>556,845</u>	<u>533,130</u>

Note: The above loan given to third party was against the contract awarded from Geological Survey of India. This loan is unsecured and bearing interest at the rate of 1% per month as per the agreement dated November 26, 2019. During the year, the borrower operations were adversely affected due to consequent of nationwide lockdown due to COVID-19. Therefore, interest for the year 2020 - 2021 was waived off as per the mutual agreement between both parties.



Alphageo International Limited and its Subsidiary
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements
March 31, 2021

(Figures in USD)

12 Property, Plant and Equipment

	Plant and Machinery	Computers and Software	Other Equipments	Total
Original Cost :				
As at April 01, 2020	7,053,095	162,485	29,868	7,245,448
As at March 31, 2021	<u>7,053,095</u>	<u>162,485</u>	<u>29,868</u>	<u>7,245,448</u>
Depreciation :				
As at April 01, 2020	5,179,613	154,361	28,375	5,362,349
Charge for the year	177,951	Nil	Nil	177,951
As at March 31, 2021	<u>5,357,564</u>	<u>154,361</u>	<u>28,375</u>	<u>5,540,300</u>
Net Block :				
As at March 31, 2021	<u>1,695,531</u>	<u>8,124</u>	<u>1,493</u>	<u>1,705,148</u>
As at March 31, 2020	<u>1,873,482</u>	<u>8,124</u>	<u>1,493</u>	<u>1,883,099</u>

Note: Depreciation on plant and machinery is classified under direct expense and the depreciation on other assets is classified under general and administration expense.

	2021	2020
13 Trade Accounts and Other Payable		
Accounts payable	1,200	3,200
Accrued expenses	9,198	8,055
	<u>10,398</u>	<u>11,255</u>

14 Employees' End of Service Benefits		
Balance at the beginning of the year	5,943	5,200
Provision for the year	857	743
Balance at the end of the year	<u>6,800</u>	<u>5,943</u>



Alphageo International Limited and its Subsidiary

Notes to the Financial Statements

March 31, 2021

(Figures in USD) 2021 2020

15 Share Capital

Authorised Share Capital

750,000 shares of AED 100 each

20,336,226 20,336,226

Paid-up Share Capital

105,036 shares of AED 100 each fully paid up

2,848,047 2,848,047

16 Transactions with Related Parties

The Group, in the normal course of business carries out transactions with parties that fall within the definition of related party contained in the International Financial Reporting Standards for Small and Medium-sized Entities. Significant transactions with related parties consists of working capital funding from / to related party. Other transactions are as follows:

Equipment rental from ultimate parent 117,656 558,334

Related party balances as at the year end are classified as under:

Related party	Classification		
Shareholder	Trade accounts receivable (Note 10)	62,195	41,160

17 Contingent Liabilities

Except for the above and ongoing service commitments in the normal course of business against which no loss is expected, there are no other known contingent liabilities existing at the balance sheet date.

18 Financial Risk Management

The main risks to which the Group is exposed are as under:

(a) Credit risk

Credit risk represents the risk that one party to a financial instrument will cause a financial loss for the other party by failing to discharge an obligation. Credit risk of the Group arises from trade debts, investments, loans and advances and other receivables.

The maximum exposure to credit risk at the end of the reporting period was:

Accounts receivables	62,195	41,160
Interest receivable	20,750	20,750
Loan to third party	<u>500,000</u>	<u>500,000</u>
	<u>582,945</u>	<u>561,910</u>



Alphageo International Limited and its Subsidiary
Notes to the Financial Statements
March 31, 2021

(Figures in USD)

2021

2020

18 Financial Risk Management (Continued)

(b) Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that an entity will encounter difficulty in meeting its obligations associated with financial liabilities. Liquidity risk may results from the inability to sell a financial assets quickly at close to its fair value. Liquidity risk is managed by monitoring on a regular basis that sufficient funds are available, to meet any future commitments.

Trade and other payable	1,200	3,200
Accrued expenses	9,198	8,055
	<u>10,398</u>	<u>11,255</u>

(c) Interest risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Group does not have any exposure to interest rate risk.

(d) Currency risk

Currency risk is the risk of loss due to adverse movements in foreign exchange rates relating to transactions denominated in foreign currencies. There are no significant currency risks as substantially all financial assets and financial liabilities are denominated in US Dollars to which the Arab Emirates Dirham is pegged.

19 Subsequent Events After The Reporting Date

On January 30, 2020, the World Health Organization ("WHO") announced a global health emergency because of a new strain of coronavirus originating in Wuhan, China (the "COVID-19 outbreak") and the risks to the international community as the virus spreads globally beyond its point of origin. In March 2020, the WHO classified the COVID-19 outbreak as a pandemic, based on the rapid increase in exposure globally. India has been hit by a huge second coronavirus wave beginning in March 2021. This situation could disrupt the operations of the Group as majority of its revenue earned from its shareholder which is situated in India. However, the management is actively monitoring the situation of COVID-19 breakout as it evolves, on its financial condition, liquidity, operations, suppliers, industry and workforce and will take measures to safeguard interest of all stakeholders of the Group.



Alphageo International Limited and its Subsidiary
Notes to the Financial Statements
March 31, 2021

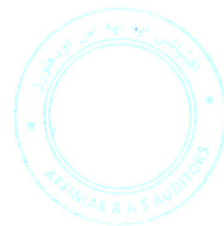
20 Comparative Figures

Certain of the prior year figures have been regrouped to conform with the presentation of the current year.

These financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on June 23, 2021 and signed on their behalf by:



Mr. Hamit Ummak
Director





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